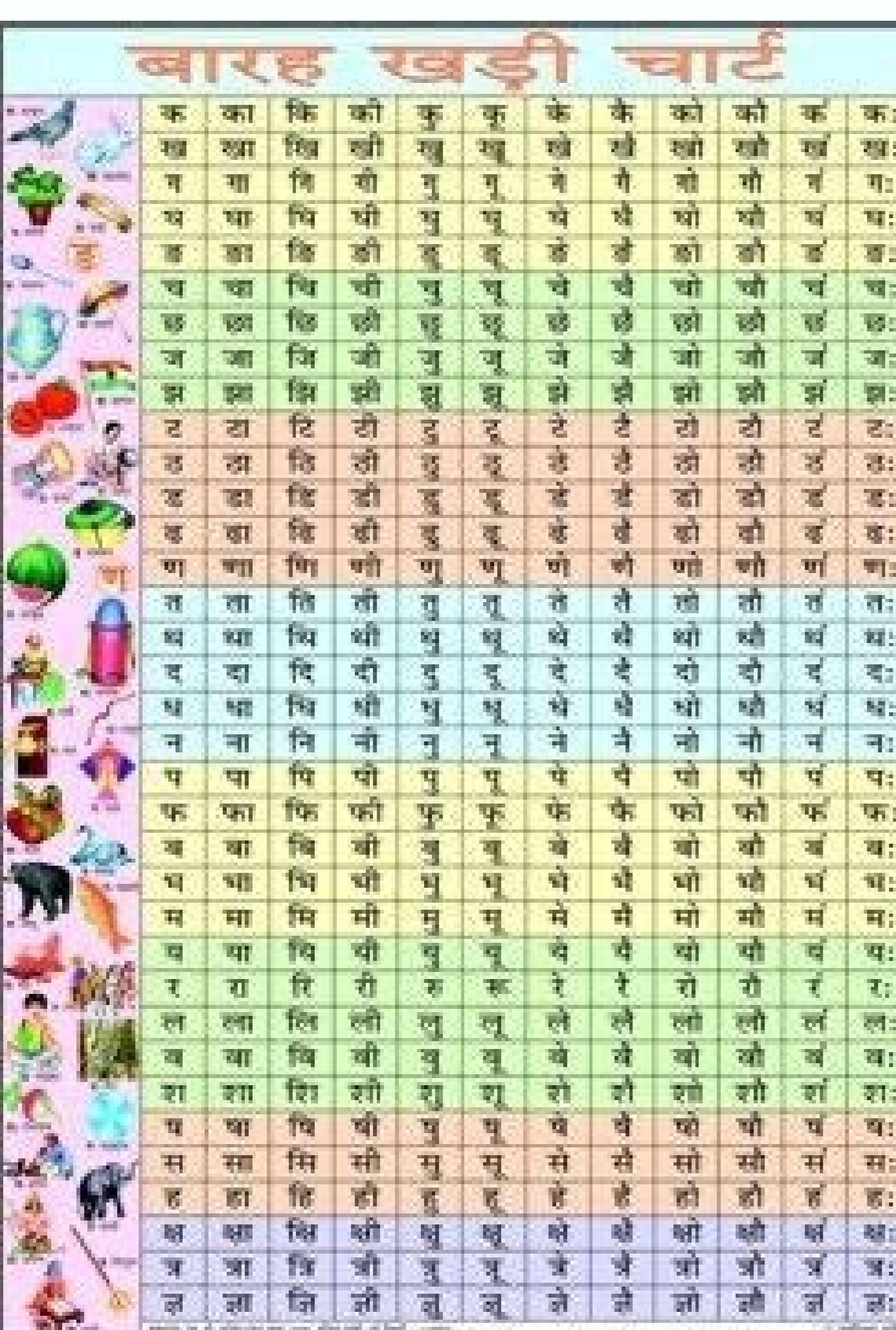


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COMMON ANTILOGARITHM TABLE										Mean difference							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
										1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
.00	1000	1002	1005	1007	1009	1012	1014	1016	1019	1021	0	0	1	1	1	2	2
.01	1023	1026	1029	1030	1033	1035	1038	1040	1042	1045	0	0	1	1	1	2	2
.02	1047	1050	1052	1054	1057	1059	1062	1064	1067	1069	0	0	1	1	1	2	2
.03	1072	1074	1076	1079	1081	1084	1086	1089	1091	1094	0	0	1	1	1	2	2
.04	1096	1099	1102	1104	1107	1109	1112	1114	1117	1119	0	1	1	1	1	2	2
.05	1122	1125	1127	1130	1132	1135	1138	1140	1143	1146	0	1	1	1	1	2	2
.06	1148	1151	1153	1156	1159	1161	1164	1167	1169	1172	0	1	1	1	1	2	2
.07	1175	1178	1180	1183	1186	1189	1191	1194	1197	1199	0	1	1	1	1	2	2
.08	1202	1205	1208	1211	1213	1216	1219	1222	1225	1227	0	1	1	1	1	2	2
.09	1230	1233	1236	1239	1242	1245	1247	1250	1253	1256	0	1	1	1	1	2	2
.10	1259	1262	1265	1268	1271	1274	1276	1279	1282	1285	0	1	1	1	1	2	2
.11	1288	1291	1294	1297	1300	1303	1306	1309	1312	1315	0	1	1	1	2	2	2
.12	1318	1321	1324	1327	1330	1334	1337	1340	1343	1346	0	1	1	1	2	2	2
.13	1349	1352	1355	1358	1361	1365	1368	1371	1374	1377	0	1	1	1	2	2	3
.14	1380	1384	1387	1390	1393	1396	1399	1403	1406	1409	0	1	1	1	2	2	3
.15	1413	1416	1419	1422	1426	1429	1432	1435	1439	1442	0	1	1	1	2	2	3



# Decimal Logarithms

**+.0    +.1    +.2    +.3    +.4**

<b>1.0</b>	.0000	.0414	.0792	.1139	.1461
<b>1.5</b>	.1761	.2041	.2304	.2553	.2788
<b>2.0</b>	.3010	.3222	.3424	.3617	.3802
<b>2.5</b>	.3979	.4150	.4314	.4472	.4624
<b>3.0</b>	.4771	.4914	<b>5</b> 051	.5185	.5315
<b>3.5</b>	.5441	.5563	.5682	.5798	.5911
<b>4.0</b>	.6021	.6128	.6232	.6335	.6435
<b>4.5</b>	.6532	.6628	.6721	.6812	.6902
<b>5.0</b>	.6990	.7076	.7160	.7243	.7324
<b>5.5</b>	.7404	.7482	.7559	.7634	.7709
<b>6.0</b>	.7782	.7853	.7924	.7993	.8062
<b>6.5</b>	.8129	.8195	.8261	.8325	.8388
<b>7.0</b>	.8451	.8513	.8573	.8633	.8692
<b>7.5</b>	.8751	.8808	.8865	.8921	.8976
<b>8.0</b>	.9031	.9085	.9138	.9191	.9243
<b>8.5</b>	.9294	.9345	.9395	.9445	.9494
<b>9.0</b>	.9542	.9590	.9638	.9685	.9731
<b>9.5</b>	.9777	.9823	.9868	.9912	.9956

e .4343

$\pi$  .4971

$$\log_b(x) = \frac{\log(x)}{\log(b)}$$

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How to use log and antilog table. How to read log table and antilog table. Full log and antilog table pdf. How to find log and antilog from table. How to use log and antilog table pdf.

When we are making a calculation using logarithms, we must always apply Antilog after simplifying the expression log. Since an Antilog is the reverse of the register, yes, there is also Antilog for negative numbers. Suppose we are about to find Antilone (3.5723) (which is the first example of the table above). Then we use the antilone formula  $(x) = 10^x$  to find the antilog using a calculator. Example 2: Check the answers of the Example 1 using the Antilog formula and a calculator. We know that the logarithm of any number can be expressed as a characteristic + money where the characteristic can be positive or negative while the money should always be positive. But how can we find this Antilog without using a calculator? The Antilog table is used to find the anti-logarithm of a number. Antilog exists for positive and negative numbers but it is only for positive numbers. To conclude: the registry exists only for positive numbers, but translates into positive and negative numbers. The second block (column of differences) shows the figures from 0 to 9, so we only need to separate the characteristic and money from the logarithm of a number. Why do you use the Antilone Table? Step - 3: In the same row, look for the average difference corresponding to the 4th figure of the money. So it becomes 3.736. Solution: Leave  $x = 6.723 \text{ Af} - 21.572$ . Antilog is always calculated for the logarithm of a number. Multiplied the number from point - 4 of 10 characteristic characters and the result of the Antilog of the given number. Since Antilone ( $X = 10^x$ ), for  $x > 0$ , we use the Antilog table from 1 to 10. I.E., if  $\log x > 0$ , then  $x = \text{antilog } (\log x)$ . Antilog Formula: Antilone ( $x = 10^x$ ) (a) Antilone (0.0052) = 100.0052 (b) Antilone (-3.278) = 0.0005272 Both answers are very close to the answer. Place a decimal point immediately after the first digit of the number from the Antilog table. Use the logarithm properties to expand the registry. Be careful with the time of finding them in the event of negative numbers (add and subtract 1 to make the mantissa positive). Antilone (3.5723) = 103.5723  $\text{A} \in 3735$ , which is very close to the previous answer, and therefore our Antilog was correct. Here, the 4th figure of the money is 3 and the corresponding average difference is 3. The logarithm of a number can be positive or negative. Book a free trial class Frequently asked questions about the Antilog table Antilone table gives the Antilog of a positive or negative number. The antilone table is used to find the anti-logarithm of a number. Here, Mantissa is 0.59235. When we find the Antilog of a number, use its money to see its corresponding number from the register table and use its characteristic to position the decimal point. Use the manica to see the corresponding number in the Antilone table. 3732 + 3 = 3736 Step - 4: Put a decimal point immediately after the first digit (of the number from point - 3) always. If  $x$  is not a whole, we will have to use a calculator to calculate  $10^x$ .  $\log (xy) = \log x + \log y$   $\log (x/y) = \log x - \log y$   $\log mx = m \log x$  Use the log table to find the logarithm of each number and simplify the expression to a single number. We can find the last Antilog using only the calculator to be Antilog (3.572) = 103.572  $\text{A} \in 3732$ . Search the number in line .72 and column 2 and add the corresponding average difference of column 2, (1) but using the formula of the Register, we can convert a logarithmic equation into an exponential equation. The first block is the first column (main column) has numbers from 0.00 to .99. A number of a number without using the anti-log table in the first section, we saw the Antilog formula to be Antilog ( $x = 10^x$ ). For example: Antilone (2) = 102 = 100 (-3) = 10-3 = 0.001 Antilone (3.572) = 103.572  $\Rightarrow$  What is the antilone? Passage - 2: concentrate only on the mantissa in this step. Then  $\log x = y \text{ A} \in 10^x = \text{antilog } (y) \dots$ . Simplify any expression involving product, quotient or exponent: first apply the registry. How to use Table Antilone? This can be defined the Antilog formula. Therefore,  $\text{A} \in 10^x$ : (0.00153)  $\text{A} \in 10^x$  = 0.03911. The number that is in a row 0.57 and column 2 is 3733. Step - 1: find the characteristic and mantissa. But this formula can be used without a calculator only when X is a whole number. Make sure cross-control the antifreeze over using this formula. The anti-logarithm table is divided into 3 blocks. How to use Table Antilone to find a number of a number? Here, characteristic = 3 and Mantissa = 0.5723. How to convert the log to Antilog? Answer: The answers are checked using a calculator. Add this to the value from step - 2, I.E., if "log" moves from one side to the other side of the equation, becomes an antilog. We use the Antilog table to calculate the antilog of a number. Antilone Table calculations. The main purpose of the trunk and antilog tables is to make the process to make multiplication, division, search for exponents and easier roots. So when the registry goes to the other side of the equation, it becomes an Antilog. Antilog is a function that is the inverse of the registry function. For example, if  $\log (m) = n$  then  $m = \text{antilog } (n)$ . For example, Antilog (5) = 105. Taking the log on both sides,  $\log x = \text{register } (6.723 \text{ Af} - 21.572)$  using one of the logarithm properties,  $\log x = \log 6.723 + \log 21.572$  using the register table,  $\log x = 0.8276 + 2.1616$  Using antilogs,  $x = \text{antilog } (2.1616)$  Using the antilog table,  $x = 145.1$  Answer: then the approximate value of  $6.723 \text{ Af} - 21.572$  is 145.1. View Answer> Go to Slidesgo to scroll a great learning to high school using simple ideas indulging in memory learning, you're likely to forget Concepts. For this, use the first two digits after the decimal point of the mantissa to be the line number, the third digit is the column number, find the corresponding value and add the corresponding average difference. Appearance The number (in the anti-trunk table) in a row .00 and column 5 and add the corresponding average difference below 2. Then antiles (0.0052) = 1.012  $\text{Af} - 100 = 1.012$ . We discover more on the Antilog table along with how it appears and how to use it for positive and negative numbers. Apply Register on both sides:  $\log x = \log (0.00153) 1/2 = 1/2 \log (0.00153)$  (using the logarithm property) =  $(1/2)(-2.8153)$  (using the table of the registry) =  $-1.40765$ . Now, take Antilog on both sides.  $\text{A} \in 10^x \Rightarrow \text{A}$ . Related Topics: Example 1: find the Antilog of the following numbers using the Antilog table: (a) 0.0052 (b) -3.278. Antilog is the inverse of the logarithmic function. Make sure the Mantissa is positive. So we get  $5272 + 2 = 5274$ . Antilone (-3.278) = 5.274  $\text{Af} - 10 - 4 = 0.0005274$ . Here is the attil search process of a number using the Antilone Table. From this,  $\log x = y \text{ A} \in 10^x = 10y \dots$  (b)  $-3.278 = -3 - 0.278 = (-3 - 1) + (1 - 0.278) = -4 + 0.722$  Its characteristic is -4 and mantissa is 0.722. Steps To use the Antilog table to find the antilog of a number: finds the number characteristic and money. Log of Number Characteristic + Mantissa Characteristic Mantissa 3.5723 3 + 0.5723 0.0052 0 + 0.0052 0.0052 -3.278 -3 - 0.278 = (-3 - 1) + (1 - 0.278) = -4 + 0.722 -4 0.722 -1.27 -1 - 0.27 = (-1 - 1) + (1 - 0.27) = -2 + 0.73 = -0.73 How to find a number using the Antilone table? Log and Antilog are two functions that opposed each other. Example 3: Multiply 6.723  $\text{Af} - 21.572$  use of registry tables and antilogs. The third block (the medium difference columns) shows the digits from 1 to 9. So we get 3908 + 3 = 3911. Important notes on the antilone table:  $\text{A} \in$   $\epsilon$

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